# **UNIVERSITY OF KOTA**

P.G. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

AND

**COURSES OF STUDY** 



Department of Social Sciences Faculty of Social Sciences

Sociology

First Year (July 2022-June 2023) Second Year (July 2023-June, 2024)

# UNIVERSITY OF KOTA MBS Marg, Near Kabir Circle, KOTA (Rajasthan)-324 005 INDIA

## Credit Based Course Syllabus of Masters in Sociology: 2022-24

## **Course Structure with Distribution of Marks**

**Objectives of the course:** Society which we live in is ever more complex and changing. In a Postmodern, Post-industrial and Post-truth world, Indian society is still squeezing in the intricate and complicated dyad of tradition and modernity while a host of processes of change are affecting the lives of people. It is, therefore, necessary to equip students to go beyond the common sense and perceive and understand the social reality in rational and scientific manner so that social vices and problems are contained and growing needs of society are addressed. In such a situation, Sociology has a vital role to play as a discipline in order to:

- Develop and promote a rational and scientific understanding of society.
- Understand and appreciate the complexity and uniqueness of Indian society.
- Differentiate between regenerative and degenerative elements of society and be able to appreciate and understand the inevitability of change.
- Identify the growing needs of our society and evaluate the effectiveness of means employed to address them.

## **Duration of the Course:**

The course M.A. (Sociology) shall consist of two academic years divided into four semesters.

## **Structure of the Programme:**

The M.A in Sociology programme consists of:

- (i) Core and Skill based courses of theory as well as practical papers which are compulsory for all students.
- (ii) Dissertation/Project Work/Summer training/Field work which can be done in an organization (Community, Government, Semi Government, NGOs Public Enterprises, *etc.*) approved by the Department.

#### **Scheme of Examinations:**

The examination shall be divided into two parts in which first part is continuous assessment or internal assessment and second part is semester assessment or external assessment. The schemes for the internal and external examinations shall be as under:

- A) THE ASSESSMENT OF THE STUDENT FOR THEORY PAPER SHALL BE DIVIDED INTO TWO PARTS IN WHICH FIRST PART IS CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT OR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (33.33% OF MAXIMUM MARKS) AND SECOND PART IS SEMESTER ASSESSMENT OR EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT (66.66% OF MAXIMUM MARKS). FOR PRACTICAL PAPERS THERE WILL BE BOTH INTERNAL (50%) AND EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT (50%) OF MAXIMUM MARKS.
- b) The internal assessment (IA) for each theory paper shall be done by the teacher concerned and she/he will maintain all concerned records in the Department. Internal Assessments for each paper during every semester will be conducted in the following manner:

<b>Internal Assessment tools</b>	No.	Requirements	Marks
a) Home Assignment	1	Hand written or typed minimum 15 pages on	15
		any topic from the Paper syllabi as assigned by	
		the teacher	
b) Periodic Test	1	Written test of question paper and date set by	1x10
		teacher concerned. The sessional paper will	+10=
		consist of one hour duration with 10 questions	20
		of short answer type (one-to-20-word one	
		mark each) and one long answer type with an	
		internal choice (500 words 10 marks). Long	
		answer type internal choice questions will be	
		from two different units of the syllabi.	
c) Paper Presentation/	Any	Pupil will present before the class on a topic	15
c) i apei i resentation	one of	assigned by the teacher followed by question	
	these	and answer/	
	tools	or	
	10018	Student will visit on their own to the field or	
Field Vigit Deport		community nearby the department or students'	
Field Visit Report/		respective homes as decided by the teacher and	
		*	
		submit hand written or typed report of	
		minimum 15 pages based on observation,	
		discussion and inquiry of a social	
		phenomenon, event or practice.	
C		Or	
Case study Report/		Student will take up a viable case of an	
		Individual or group which exhibits a special	
		social circumstance as guided by the teacher	
		and make rapport and visits on their own to the	
		case concerned and document a detailed case	
		history through personal hearing and	
		discussion and submit a Hand written or typed	
		report of minimum 15 pages.	
D 1 D 1		Or	
Book Review		Student will submit a full review of a book	
		identified by the teacher. Arrangement of	
		availing the book will rest on the student. The	
		Review shall contain – Full bibliographic	
		details, summary of objectives, methodology	
		employed, content and findings of the book	
		with a concluding personal assessment and	
		observations on merits and shortcomings of the	
		book. Review will be in a lucid and coherent	
		essay form with minimum of 4 pages	
		handwritten of typed.	
Total IA Marks	3		50

- c) A student who remains absent (defaulter) or fails or wants to improve the marks in the internal assessment may be permitted to appear in the desired paper(s) (only one time) in the same semester with the permission of the concerned Head of the Department. A defaulter / improvement fee of Rupees 200/- per paper shall be charged from such candidates. Duly forwarded application of such candidates by the teacher concerned shall be submitted to HOD who may permit the candidate to appear in the internal assessment after depositing the defaulter/ improvement fee. A record of such candidates shall be kept in the Department.
- d) The external assessment shall be of three hours duration for each theory paper.
- e) The syllabus for each theory paper is divided into five independent units and each theory question paper will be divided into three sections as mentioned below:
  - Section-A shall have 01 compulsory question comprising 10 questions (maximum 20 words answer) taking two questions from each unit. Each question shall be of one mark and total marks of this section will be 10. This section will be compulsory in the paper.
  - Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 250 words) and examiners are advised to set two questions from each unit and students are instructed to attempt five questions by selecting one question from each unit.
  - Section-C 04 Questions [Question may have sub division] covering all units but not more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted. Paper setter shall be instructed to design question paper covering from all five units.
- f) The pattern of question paper of external examination shall be as follows:

Semester External Assessment:	
66.66 weightage of Max. Marks (100 Marks out of 150 Max. Marks)	
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 100
SECTION-A:	10x1=10
(Answer all questions)	
(Two question from each unit with no internal choice)	
Q. No. 1	
(i)	1 Mark
(ii)	1 Mark
(iii)	1 Mark
iv)	1 Mark
(v)	1 Mark
(vi)	1 Mark
(vii)	1 Mark
(viii)	1 Mark
(ix)	1 Mark
(x)	1 Mark
SECTION-B:	10X5=50
(Answer all questions)	10113 20
(One question from each unit with internal choice)(Maximum two sub-divisions only)	
Unit I	
Q. No. 2.	10 Marks
Or	10 Marks
Q. No. 3	
Unit II	
Q. No. 4.	10 Marks
Or	10 Marks
O. No. 5	
Unit III	
VV	10 Marks
Q. No. 6.	IU WIAFKS

Or Q. No. 7	
Unit IV	
Q. No. 8.	10 Marks
Or Q. No. 9	
Unit V	
Q. No. 10	10 Marks
Q. No. 11	
SECTION-C:	2x20=40
(Answer any two questions) (Maximum four sub-divisions only)	
Q. No. 7.	20 Marks
Q. No. 8.	20 Marks
Q. No. 9.	20 Marks
Q. No. 10.	20 Marks

- g) Student should qualify both internal & external assessment separately to pass the paper i.e. if the candidate fails in either of them, she/he will have to reappear in the respective exam and clear it separately during the course period and maximum two years succeeding thereafter.
- h) Semester wise Papers and Distribution of Marks

(Semester-I & II)

Year Semester	Serial Number, Code & Nomenclature of Paper			Duration of Exam.	Teaching Hrs/Week Credit			Distribution of Marks &			Min. Pass Marks	
	Number	Code	Nomenclature		L	P	С	Internal Assess.		Total Marks	Internal Assess.	lSem. Assess.
I Year I	1.1	SOC-101	Basic Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40
1.	1.2	SOC-102	Social Research Methods and Techniques	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40
	1.3	SOC-103	Social Change in Contemporary India	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40
	1.4	SOC-104	Rural Society in India	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40
	Total	Total					24	200	400	600		
I Year II	2.1	SOC-201	Advanced Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40
Semester	2.2	SOC-202	Research Methodology in Sociology	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40
	2.3	SOC-203	Sociology of Development	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40
	2.4	SOC-204	Urban Society in India	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40
	Total		1		24		24	200	400	600		

(Semester-III & IV)

Year/ Semester	Serial Number, Code & Nomenclature of Paper			Duration of Exam.	Teaching Hrs/Week & Credit				Distribution of Marks			Min. Pass Marks	
	Number	Code	Nomenclature		L	P	С	Internal Assess.		Total Marks	Interna Assess.	Assess.	
IIYear I	3.1	SOC-301	Founders of Sociology- I	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
Semester	3.2	SOC-302	Sociology of Kinship	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	3.3	SOC-303	Sociology in India	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	3.4 (Electi	SOC-304 (A)	Industrial Sociology	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	ve) Candid	SOC-304 (B)	Political Sociology	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	ate to choose	SOC-304 (C)	Sociology of Popular Culture	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	any one of the papers	SOC-304 (D)	Sociology of Religion	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	papers	SOC-304 (E)	Education and Society	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
		SOC-304 (F)	Dissertation	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	Total						24	200	400	600			
II Year	4.1	SOC-401	Founders of Sociology - II	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
II	4.2	SOC-402	Sociology of Marriage and Family	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
Semester	4.3	SOC-403	Approaches to Indian Society	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	4.4 (Electi	SOC-404 (A)	Sociology of Mass Media	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	ve) Candid	SOC-404 (B)	Gender and Society	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	ate to choose any one	SOC-404 (C)	Social Movements in India	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	of the	SOC-404 (D)	Environment and Society	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
		SOC-404 (E)	Criminology	3 Hrs	6		6	50	100	150	20	40	
	Total		<b>'</b>		24		24	200	400 600				

## **SEMESTER - I**

I Semester M.A (Sociology)

#### **SOC-101**

## **Basic Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology**

Course/Paper: 101 Max. Marks: 100 MA SOC Semester-I Time: 3 Hrs.

#### Unit 1

Sociological Perspectives. Nature of Sociological Theory. Levels of Theorization in Sociology.

#### Unit II

Relationship between Theory and Research. Types of Sociological Theories. Recent trends in Sociological Theorizing.

#### Unit III

Organismic view of society and Functionalist theorizing. The Idea of Social Structure: Radcliffe Brown.

The Problem of Social Order and Change in Structural-Functional analysis.

#### **Unit IV**

Cultural Functionalism of B. Malinowski.

Functional Dimensions of Social System: T. Parsons.

Critique and Reformulation of Functional Analysis: R. K. Merton.

## Unit V

Conflict, structural inequality and Social Change.

Theorization of conflict: Marxian and Louis Coser's functionalist conflict theory Ralf Dahrendorf and Class conflict theory

## **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Berger, P. L. (2011). Invitation to sociology: A humanistic perspective. Open Road Media.
- 2. Carr, E. H. (2003). What is history?. In Reading Architectural History (pp. 14-23). Routledge.1.
- 3. Charon, J. M. (2012). Ten questions: A sociological perspective. Cengage Learning.
- 4. Collins, Randall. 1997 (Indian Edition). Sociological theory. Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat
- 5. Coser, Louis. (1956). The Functions of Social Conflict.
- 6. Craib, lan. 1992. Modern social theory: From Parsons to Habermas (2 nd edition). London: Harvester Press.

- 7. Dahrendorf, Ralf. (1959) Class and Class Conflict in Industrial Society. Stanford: Stanford University Press
- 8. Dahrendorf, Ralf. (1968) Essays in the Theory of Society. Stanford: Stanford University Press
- 9. Mills, C. W. (2000). The sociological imagination. Oxford University Press.
- 10. Murphy, J. W. (1982). TALCOTT PARSONS AND NIKLAS LUHMANN: TWO VERSIONS OF THE SOCIAL" SYSTEM". *International Review of Modern Sociology*, 291-301.
- 11. Parsons, T., & Shils, E. A. (2017). The social system. In *Toward a general theory of action* (pp. 190-233). Routledge.
- 12. Ritzer, George 1992 (3rd edition). Sociological theory. New York: McGraw-Hill
- 13. Turner, J. H., & Maryanski, A. (1979). *Functionalism*. Menlo Park, CA: Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Company.
- 14. Turner, Jonathan H. 1995 (4th edition). The structure of sociological theory. Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat

## SOC – 102 Social Research Methods and Techniques

Course/Paper: 102 Max. Marks: 100 MA SOC Semester-I Time: 3 Hrs.

#### Unit I

Scientific Method: Explanation; Generalization; Prediction; Control Basic Elements of Research: Concepts, Constructs, Hypotheses, Fact, Theory

## Unit-II

Types of Research Difference between Social Research and social survey Logic of Inquiry: Induction and Deduction

#### **Unit III**

Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive, Experimental, Quasi-experimental, Comparative, Longitudinal and Panel studies
Problems of Experimental Studies in Social Research

## **Unit IV**

Measurement and Scaling in social research
Measurement: Meaning, Levels, Indices, Operationalization, Problems
Scaling Techniques - Thurstone, Likert, Guttman and Bogardus Scales Reliability and Validity of Scales.

## Unit V

## **Techniques of Data Collection:**

Observation: Structured and Unstructured; Participant and Non-Participant; Interview Schedule: Structured and Unstructured

Interview: Types; Advantages and Disadvantages Questionnaire: Types, Advantages and Disadvantages

Case Study; Content Analysis

## **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Bailey, K. D., (1997) Methods of Social Research, New York, The Free Press.
- 2. Bernard, H. Russell (2000) *Social Research Methods Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*, New Delhi, Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Colin, R. (2000) Real World Research Oxford, Blackwell,
- 4. Goode, W.J. and Hatt P.K. (1952), *Methods in Social Research*, New York: McGraw Hill, International Students Edition.
- 5. Kerlinger, Fred N. (1973), Foundations of Behavioural Research, New York, Holt, Rinehart & Winston, INC.
- 6. Madge, John, (1976) The Tools of Social Science, London, Longman
- 7. Moser and Kalton (1980) Survey *Methods in Social Investigation*. Heinemann Educational Books.
- 8. Punch, K. F, (1998) *Introduction of Social Research, Quantitative & Qualitative Approach*, New Delhi, Sage Robson,
- 9. Seltiz, Claire, et.al. (1959) Research Methods in Social Relations, New York, Henry Holt & Co.
- 10. Tashakkori, A. and Charles Teddlie, (2003) *Handbook of Mixed Methods*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 11. Tim, May, (2001) Social Research: Issues, Methods and Process. Buckingham, Open University Press

## **SOC-103**

## Social Change in Contemporary India

Course/Paper: 103 Max.Marks: 100 MA SOC Semester-I Time: 3 Hrs.

## Unit I

Concept, Meaning and Forms of Social Change: Evolution, Progress, Transformation: Change in Structure

## **Unit-II**

Theories of Social Change: Linear, Cyclical, Curvilinear, Equilibrium, Conflict and Cultural Lag

## **Unit III**

Factors of Social Change: Demographic, Economic, Religious, Bio- Tech, Info- Tech and Media

## **Unit IV**

Social Change in Contemporary India: Trends of Change, Processes of Change: Sanskritization, Westernization, Modernization, Secularization

## Unit V

Agents of social change: Education and Social change, Science, Technology and Social Change, Constitution, Law and Social Change.

## **Essential Readings:**

B Kuppuswamy, 1993. Social Change in India, Konark Publishers, New Delhi

K.L. Sharma, 2007. Indian Social Structure and Change, Rawat Publication.

Moor, Wilbert and Robert Cook. 1967. Social Change. New Delhi: Prentice Hall (India)

Srinivas, M.N. 1966. Social Change in Modern India, Berkley University of Berkley.

Yogendra Singh, 1993. Social Change in India: Crisis and Resilience, South Asia Books Publisher

## **SOC-104**

# **Rural Society in India**

Course/Paper: 104 Max.Marks: 100 MA SOC Semester-I Time: 3 Hrs.

## Unit I

Rural Society in India. Basic Characteristics of Peasant and Agrarian Society, Caste, Religion, Habitat and Settlement

## Unit-II

Agrarian Legislation and Rural Social Structure. Rural Poverty, Decline of Agrarian Economy,

De-Peasantization and Migration

## **Unit III**

Major Agrarian Movements in India: A critical analysis.

Agrarian Relation in Rural India: Land Ownership and its Types

#### Unit IV

Planned Change for Rural Society, Panchayati Raj, Local Self Government and Community Development Programmes

#### Unit V

Globalization and its Impact on Agriculture

Rural Development Strategies.

## **Essential Readings:**

Berch, Berbergue, Ed. 1992: Class, State and Development in India 1,2,3 and 4. Chapters. Sage, New Delhi.

Desai A.R. 1977 Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay

Dhanagare D N 1988: Peasant Movements in India, OUP, New Delhi.

Doshi S.L. and P.C. Jain. 1999. Rural Sociology, Jaipur, Rawat Publication.

Dube, S.C. 1995 Indian Village, London, Routledge

Sharma K.L. 1997. Social Stratification in India, Sage, New Delhi.

Singh, Yogendra. 1977. Social Stratification and Change in India, Manohar, New Delhi.

P. Radhakrishnan, 1989: Peasant Struggles: Land reforms and Social Change in Malabar 1836-1982.

Sage Publications: New Delhi.

## **SEMESTER - II**

## **SOC-201**

## **Advanced Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology**

II Semester M.A (Sociology)

Course/Paper: 201 Max. Marks: 100 MA Soc Semester-II Time: 3 Hrs.

## Unit I

Hermeneutic and Interpretive Traditions in Sociology: Development of Mind, Self and Society by G H Mead Phenomenology of Alfred Schutz Ethnomethodology of Harold Garfinkel

#### Unit-II

Structuration: Anthony Giddens

Human Nature and Cultural Diversity: C. Levi Strauss. Structuralism and Post- structuralism: M. Foucault.

## **Unit III**

Neo-Functionalism: J. Alexander

The Problems of Role Analysis: S.F. Nadel.

Post Modernism.

#### **Unit IV**

The Critical Theory and Neo-Marxism.

The Frankfurt School- Life World and System: J. Habermas.

Structural Marxism: L. Althusser.

## Unit V

Orientalism: Edward Said

Habitus, forms of Capital and Symbolic Violence: Pierre Bourdieu

The Rise of Network Society: Manuel Castells

## **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Mead, G. H., & da Silva, F. C. (2011). GH Mead: a reader. Routledge.
- 2. Mead, G. H., & Schubert, C. (1934). *Mind, self and society* (Vol. 111). Chicago: University of Chicago press.
- 3. Schutz, A. (1970). *Alfred Schutz on phenomenology and social relations* (Vol. 360). University of Chicago Press.

- 4. Garfinkel, H. (2016). Studies in ethnomethodology. In *Social Theory Re-Wired* (pp. 85-95). Routledge.
- 5. Rawls, A. W. (2008). Harold Garfinkel, ethnomethodology and workplace studies. *Organization studies*, 29(5), 701-732.
- 6. Giddens, A. (1984). Elements of the theory of structuration.
- 7. Cohen, I. J. (1989). Structuration theory: Anthony Giddens and the constitution of social life (p. 17). London: Macmillan.
- 8. Kuper, A. (1994). *The chosen primate: Human nature and cultural diversity*. Harvard University Press.
- 9. Bouchet, D. (2015). Lévi-Strauss, Claude (1908-2009). In *International Encyclopædia of the Social & Behavioral Sciences* (pp. 905-911). Elsevier.
- 10. Foucault, M. (1983). Structuralism and post-structuralism. *Telos*, 55, 195-211.
- 11. Poster, M. (2019). *Critical theory and poststructuralism: In search of a context*. Cornell University Press.
- 12. Oksala, J. (2013). Post-structuralism: Michel Foucault. In *The Routledge Companion to Phenomenology* (pp. 528-539). Routledge.
- 13. Alexander, J. C., & Colomy, P. (1985). Toward neo-functionalism. *Sociological Theory*, 3(2), 11-23.
- 14. Arteaga Botello, N., & Arzuaga Magnoni, J. (2016). From Neo-functionalism to Iconic Consciousness: A Critical Essay for Thinking about Jeffrey Alexander's Cultural Sociology. *Sociológica (México)*, 31(87), 09-41.
- 15. Nadel, S. F. (2013). PROBLEMS OF ROLEANALYSIS. In *The Theory of Social Structure* (pp. 38-62). Routledge.
- 16. Jencks, C. (1987). What is post-modernism?
- 17. Rosenau, P. M. (1991). Post-modernism and the social sciences. In *Post-Modernism and the Social Sciences*. Princeton University Press.
- 18. Maddock, T. (1999). The nature and limits of critical theory in education. *Educational Philosophy and Theory*, 31(1), 43-61.
- 19. Bohman, J., & Rehg, W. (2007). Jürgen habermas.
- 20. Pusey, M. (2002). Jurgen habermas. Routledge.
- 21. Montag, W. (2014). Louis Althusser. In *Poststructuralism and Critical Theory's Second Generation* (pp. 47-65). Routledge.
- 22. Benton, T. (1984). *The Rise and Fall of Structural Marxism: Louis Althusser and His Influence*. Macmillan International Higher Education.
- 23. Said, E. W. (2016). Orientalism. In Social Theory Re-Wired (pp. 402-417). Routledge.
- 24. Said, E. (1978). Introduction to Orientalism.
- 25. Nicolaescu, C. (2010). Bourdieu–Habitus, symbolic violence, the gift: "You give me/I give you" principle. *Euromentor Journal-Studies About Education*, (03), 122-131.
- 26. Moore, R. (2014). Capital. In Pierre Bourdieu (pp. 98-113). Routledge.

- 27. Wacquant, L. J. (1987). Symbolic violence and the making of the French agriculturalist: an enquiry into Pierre Bourdieu's sociology. *The Australian and New Zealand Journal of Sociology*, 23(1), 65-88.
- 28. Castells, M., & Cardoso, G. (1996). The network society (Vol. 469). oxford: blackwell.
- 29. Castells, M. (2000). Toward a sociology of the network society. *Contemporary sociology*, 29(5), 693-699.
- 30. Castells, M. (2007). Communication, power and counter-power in the network society. *International journal of communication*, 1(1), 29.

#### **SOC-202**

## Research Methodology in Sociology

Course/Paper: 201 Max. Marks: 100 MA Soc Semester-II Time: 3 Hrs.

## Unit I

Major Epistemologies of Social Research Methodology: Positivistic and Interpretive; Rationalism and Empiricism; Objectivism and Constructivism

## **Unit-II**

Methodological Concerns in Social Research Subjectivity versus Objectivity Methodological Individualism versus Methodological Collectivism Limits of Quantification in Social Research Logic of Triangulation

#### Unit III

Sampling:

Meaning and Importance

Universe, Population, Sampling Frame, Sampling Error

Types of Sampling:

Probability Sampling- Meaning, Types, Advantages and Disadvantages

Non- Probability Sampling- Meaning, Types, Advantages and Disadvantages

Theoretical Sampling

#### Unit IV

Qualitative Research (I):

Ethnography,
Participatory Research,
Action Research,
Interviewing as Conversation,

#### Unit V

Qualitative Research (II):

Narratives,

Grounded theory,

Naturalistic Inquiry,

Strengths and Weaknesses of Qualitative Research.

## **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Bernard, H. Russell (2000) Social Research Method Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches, New Delhi, Sage Publication India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Bryman, Alan (2001) Social Research Methods, New York, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Cicourel, A.V. (1964), Method and Measurement in Sociology, Glencoe, Free Press.
- 4. Mukherjee, Partha N. (2000), Methodology in Social Research, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 5. Strauss, Anselm (1990) *Basics of Qualitative Research Grounded Theory Procedures and Techniques*, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 6. Lichtman, M. (2013). *Qualitative research for the social sciences*. SAGE publications.
- 7. Lune, H., & Berg, B. L. (2017). Qualitative research methods for the social sciences. Pearson.
- 8. Brewer, J. (2000). Ethnography. McGraw-Hill Education (UK).
- 9. Hammersley, M. (2006). Ethnography: problems and prospects. *Ethnography and education*, *I*(1), 3-14.
- 10. Letherby, G., Scott, J., & Williams, M. (2012). *Objectivity and subjectivity in social research*. Sage.
- 11. Denzin, N. K. (2017). *The research act: A theoretical introduction to sociological methods*. Routledge.
- 12. Konecki, K. T. (2008). Triangulation and dealing with the realness of qualitative research. *Qualitative Sociology Review*, 4(3), 7-28.
- 13. Olsen, W. K., Haralambos, M., & Holborn, M. (2004). Triangulation in Social Research:: Qualitative and Quantitative Methods Can Really Be Mixed. In *Developments in sociology*. Causeway Press Ltd.
- 14. Timmermans, S., & Tavory, I. (2012). Theory construction in qualitative research: From grounded theory to abductive analysis. *Sociological theory*, 30(3), 167-186.
- 15. Henwood, K. (2007). Grounded theory. In *Choosing methods in mental health research* (pp. 84-100). Routledge.

#### **SOC-203**

# **Sociology of Development**

Course/Paper: 203

Max.Marks: 100

MA Soc Semester-II Time: 3 Hrs.

## Unit I

Scope and Importance of Sociology of Development, Sociological Dimensions of Development, Perspectives on the study of development: Liberal, Marxist, Gandhian and Ecological

#### Unit II

Changing Conceptions of Development: Economic growth, Human development, Social Development; Sustainable Development, the question of Socio-Cultural Sustainability, Multiple Sustainability.

## Unit - III

Social Structure and Development: Structure as a Facilitator/Inhibitor, Development and Socio-Economic Disparities, Gender and Development.

Culture and Development: Culture as an aid/impediment to Development, Development and Displacement of Tradition.

#### Unit - IV

Development: Contemporary Issues and its Challenges: Contemporary Discourse in Development, De-growth, Limits to Growth and Post Development

#### Unit - V

Indian Experience of Development: Sociological appraisal of Five-Year Plans, social consequences of economic reforms, socio-cultural repercussions of globalization, social implications of info-tech revolution, development, and upsurge of ethnicity.

## **Essential Readings:**

Abraham, M.F. 1990. Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: OUP

Agarwal B. 1994. A Field of One's Own: Gender and Land Rights in South Asia. Cambridge

Alexander K.C. (1994). The Process of Development of Societies. New Delhi Sage.

Alexander K.C. and Kumaran, K.P. (1992). Culture and Development, New Delhi, Sage.

Desai A.R., (1984), India's Path to Development: A Marxist Approach. Bombay: Popular Prakashan

Dias, A. (2012): Development & Its Human Cost. Jaipur: Rawat Publication.

David Harrison. (1989). The Sociology of Modernization and Development. Heritage, New Delhi

Hoogvelt, Ankie M. (1998). The Sociology of Development Societies. London & Delhi: MacMillan

Hoselitz, Bert F. (1996). Sociological Aspects of Economic Growth. New Delhi, Amerind Publishers.

McMichael, P. (2017). Development and Social Change, 6th Edition. Sage Publications.

Pandey, Rajendra. (1985). Sociology of Development, New Delhi, Mittal.

Pandey, Rajendra. (1986). Sociology of Underdevelopment, New Delhi, Mittal

Pieterse, J. N. (2009). Development Theory: Deconstructions/Reconstructions. New Delhi. Sage. Vistaar Publications

Sharma, S. L. (1986). Development: Socio-Cultural Dimensions. Jaipur: Rawat Publication.

Webster, Andrew. (1988). Introduction to the Sociology and Development, New Delhi: Macmillan.

# SOC-204 Urban Society in India

Course/Paper: 204 Max.Marks: 100
MA Soc Semester-II Time: 3 Hrs.

## Unit – I

Classical Sociological Traditions as Urban and City Dimensions: Emile Durkheim, Karl Marx, Max Weber and Tonnies.

Classification of Urban Centres, Cities, Towns and Mega Cities

#### Unit – II

Urban Community and Spatial Dimension. Park, Burgess and Mc kenzie.

George Simmel: Metropolis, Louis – Urbanism and Redfield : Rural – Urban Continuum as Cultural Form.

## Unit – III

Urban Sociology in India: Emerging Trends in Urbanization, Factors of Urbanization, Sociological Dimensions of Urbanization.

Social Consequences of Urbanization.

#### Unit - IV

City-Industrial Urban Base, its growth and special features. Industry Centered Developments.

Changing Occupational Structure, and its impact on Social Stratification-Class, Caste Gender, Family.

## Unit -V

India City and its growth, Migration, Problems of Housing, Slum Development, Urban Environmental Problems and National Defecation Campaign, Urban Poverty.

Urban Planning and Problems of Urban Management in India.

## **Essential Readings:**

Abrahamson M 1976 Urban Sociology, Englewood, Prentice Hall.

Bharadwaj, R.K. 1974: Urban Development in India. National Publishing House.

Bose Ashish 1978, Studies in Indian Urbanisation 1901-1971, Tata Mc Graw Hill

Castells M 1977: The Urban Question, Edward Arnold, London

Colling Worth, J B 1972 Problems of Urban Society Vol. 2, George and Unwin Ltd.

Desai A R and Pillani S D (ed) 1970 Slums and urbanization, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.

Ellin Nan 1996 Postmodern Urbanism, Oxford UK

Gold, Harry 1982: Sociology of Urban Life. Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliff.

Alfred de Souza 1979 The Indian city: Poverty, ecology and urban development, Manohar, Delhi.

Pickwance C G (ed) 1976, Urban Sociology: Critical Essays, Methuen.

Quinn J A 1955, Urban Sociology, S Chand and Co., New Delhi

Ramachandran R 1991 Urbanisation and Urban Systems in India, OUP, Delhi.

Ronnan, Paddison, 2001: Handbook of Urban Studies. Sage: India

Saunders peter 1981, Social Theory and Urban question, Hutchinson.