Paper Scheme

- Paper I. Modern Analytical chemistry
- Paper II. Drug delivery system & Biopharmaceutics
- Paper III. Chemotherapeutic agents
- Paper IV. Pharmacodynamic agents

Paper V. Drug design

### **Paper VI. Practical**

Paper VII. Project

# Paper I (PC- 501) Modern Analytical Methods

### Duration 3 hrs.

#### Max. Marks 100

**Unit I** : colorimetery : methods of color measurements or comparison, instrumentation, spectrofluorometry : instrumentation and application

Atomic absorption and flame emission spectroscopy : theory instrumentation, atomic absorption spectrophotometers, atomic flouresence, selected determination.

**Unit II** ; principal techniques, instumentatuion, and application, interpretation of uv spectrophotometry and IR spectrophotometry, optical rotation its significance, instrumentation, dispersion terminology, plain curve, rotatory dispersion and circular dichorism.

Unit III : mass spectroscopy

Principal, technique, instrumentation, fragmentation, pattern, structural elucidation of compounds. chromatography : principal of separation, application of the technique, adsorption partition, paper, tlc, hptlc hplc, glc, IEC and gel electrophoresis

**Unit IV** : PMR : principal, technique, instrumentation, nmr signals, chemical shifts , spin spin coupling , shielding deshielding effect, diamagnetic anisotropy, geminal coupling **AMX**, **ABX** and **ABC** systems, shifts reagents and interpretation of spectra, C13 nmr : interpretation of data

Unit V : application of spectroscopic techniques to structural elucidation, introduction to spectral interpretation exercises, microbiological assaya and their principal, assays of vitamins and antibiotics .

# Paper II. (PC- 502) Drug Delivery System & Biopharmaceutics

# **Duration 3 hrs**

#### Max. Marks 100

Unit I : types, advantages, disadvantages and formulation of oral dosage forms including :

a. liquid dosage form like solution, syrups, suspensions and emulsion .

- b. tablet
- c. capsules

**Unit II** : types, advantages, disadvantages and formulation of parentaral dosage forms and topical semisolids dosage forms. quality control of various dosage form.

**Unit III** controlled release drug delivery system, advantages, drug properties, relevant of controlled release formulation oral dosage form : diffusion system, dissolution system, osmotic pump ion exchange resin and prodrug parenteral dosage form : intramuscular injection and implants .

**Unit IV** : disintegration : time , factors affecting , dissolution : models, factor affecting, correlation with bioavailability, factor affecting drug absorption including physical, chemical, biological and pharmaceutical, passive diffusion and active diffusion .

Unit V : drug disposition : distribution in blood, plasma protein binding, cellular distribution, drug excretion, biotransformayion of drugs .

Bioavailibility : concept and comparison, method of estimation and bioequivalence studies .

# Paper III.(PC-503) Chemotherapeutic Agents

### **Duration 3 hrs.**

### Max Marks 100

Synthesis of pharmacopoeial IP, BP, drugs with SAR studies and medicinal uses.

Unit I : Sulphonamides, penicillins, semisynthetic penicillin

Unit II : cephalosporin, tetracyclins and aminoglycosides antibiotics.

Unit III : antimicrobial agents, anti tb and antileprosy and antimalarials.

Unit IV : antiamoebic, and antiprotozoal, antihelminthes, antifungal.

Unit V : anticancer, antiviral.

# Paper IV. (PC-504) Pharmacodynamic Agents

#### **Duration 3 hrs.**

# Max Marks 100

Study of chemistry SAR and mechanism of following classes of drugs :

**Unit I** : drug acting on cvs : antihypertensive, antiarrhythmic , antianginal , antihyperlipidemic agents and diuretics .

Unit II : analgesics, narcotics and non-narcotics, antipyretics, anti-inflammatory, antigout drugs,

Unit III : drug acting on cns : hypnotics and sedatives, general anesthetics , antiepileptics .

Unit IV : psychotropic agents : antidepressants, antiparkinsonia agents , hypoglycemic drugs , antithyroid .

 $Unit \ V$  : antihistamins : H1 and H2 antagonist, antiseretonins, carbohydrates based drugs , olinucleotides .

## Paper V (PC-505) Drug Design

### **Duration 3 hrs.**

## Max Marks 100

**Unit I** : dose response curve , concept of agonist , partial agonist , antagonist , partial antagonist , competitive and non-competitive antagonist , drug metabolism

**Unit II** : specific and non specific drug action , concept of receptor , drug receptor interaction , receptor theories , receptor ion channels

**Unit III** : topographic receptor , adrenergic , cholinergic , H1 H2 steroidal serotonin , diazepene , opioid receptors .

**Unit IV** : drug metabolism approach to drug design , concept of isosterism and bioisosterism , metabolite antagonist , stereochemistry and drug action analog design , concept of prodrug .

Unit V : introduction to QSAR , chemical information computing system in drud discovery , molecular modeling drug action.

### Paper VI : Practicals (PC- 506)

- 1. to determine the acid value of mustard oil
- 2. to determine the saponification value of mustard oil
- 3. to determine iodine valve of mustard oil
- 4. assay of acetic acid
- 5. assay of borax
- 6. assay of paracetamol tablets
- 7. assay of aspirin tablets
- 8. assay of iodine
- 9. assay of dicyclophenax sodium tablets
- 10. assay of dicyclophenax sodium injection
- 11. assay of phenol
- 12. assay of sodium hydroxide
- 13. assay of ibuprofen tablets
- 14. assay of chloremphenicol capsules
- 15. assay of diazepam tablets
- 16. determination absorption maxima and test the validity of lambart beer's law
- 17. assay of ascorbic acid
- 18. assay of ibuprofen and paracetamol in combination

- 19. assay of theophylline tablets (i.p.)
- 20. assay of theophylline tablets(b.p.)
- 21. assay of calcium gluconate injection
- 22. to evaluate ph of given paracetamol tablet